

# Experimental demonstration of Wide Field Adaptive Optics concepts for the ELT

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retour sur innovation

# Outline

- 1. The HOMER bench**
- 2. Bench calibration**
- 3. Tomography on the HOMER bench**

# The HOMER bench

Hartmann Oriented Multi-conjugated Experimental Ressource



## Goals of the bench

- Implementation and tests of tomographic AO concepts (LTAO, MCAO...)

Estimation of performance

Analysis on natural/laser guide stars (configuration, star number ...)

- Comparison of control laws (integrator, LQG, POLC...)

**Integrator control :** Least square reconstructor, integrator control

$$\text{Control equation : } u_{n+1} = u_n + gM_{\text{com}} y_n$$

$u_n$  is the voltage applied to the DM

$M_{\text{com}}$  is the generalized inverse of the interaction matrix of the system (link between  $u_{(\text{DM})}$  and slopes  $_{(\text{WFS})}$  )

**Optimal control (LQG) :** Estimation and prediction of the turbulent volume, based on a Kalman filter

Projection of the estimated turbulence on the DMs for the correction

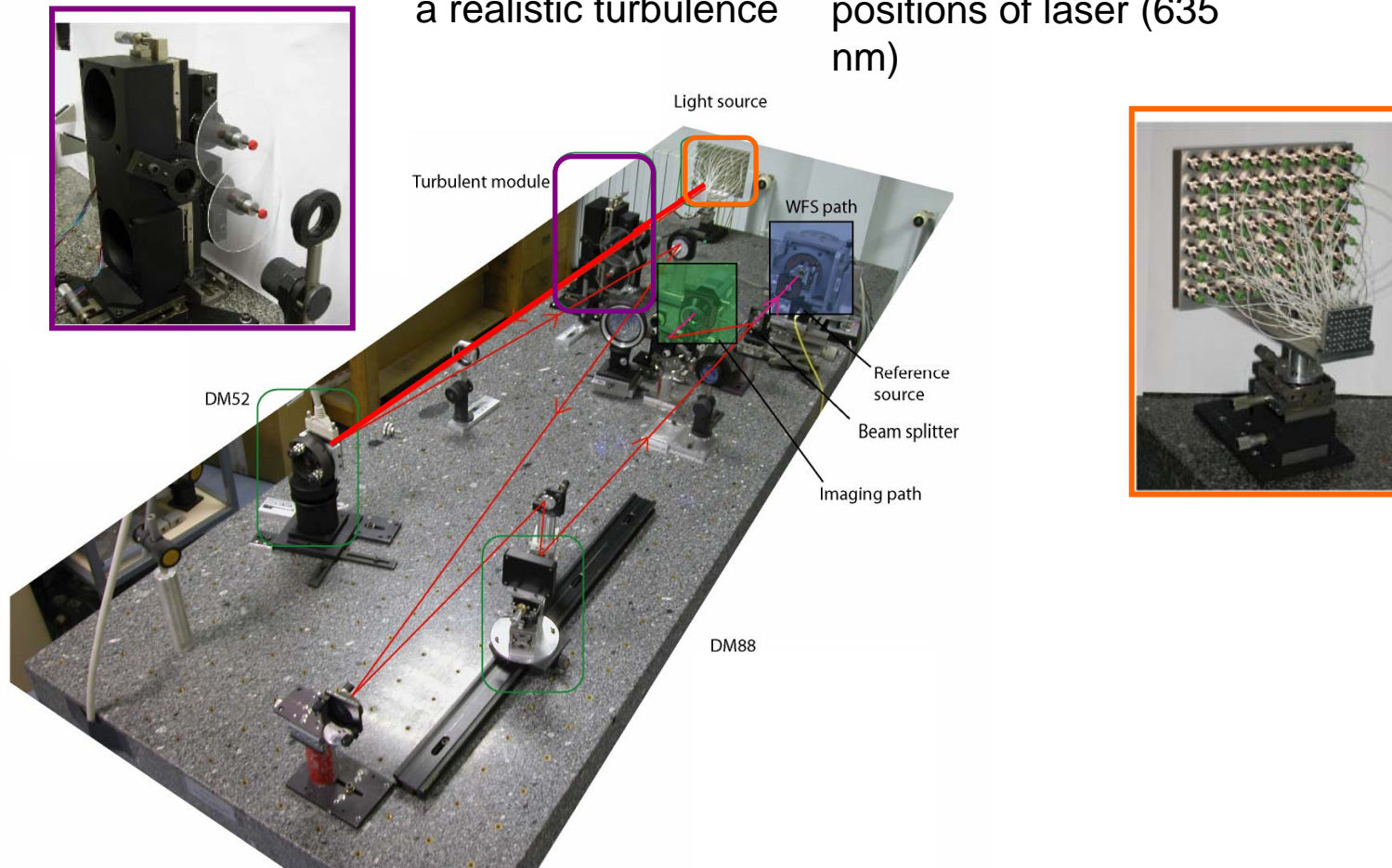
**Other solutions (POLC, Virtual DM...):**

- Study of calibration strategies in tomographic AO

# Experimental setup of HOMER bench

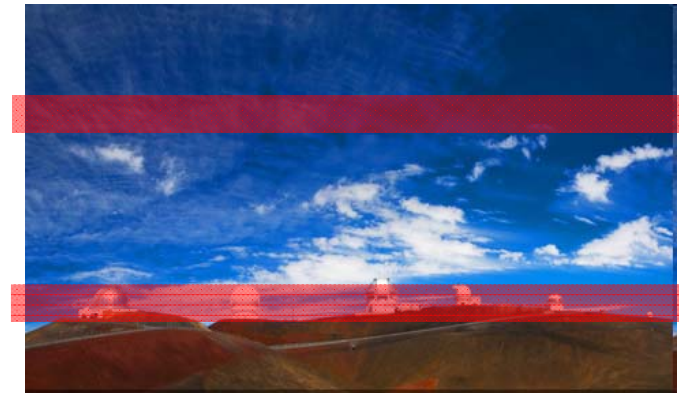
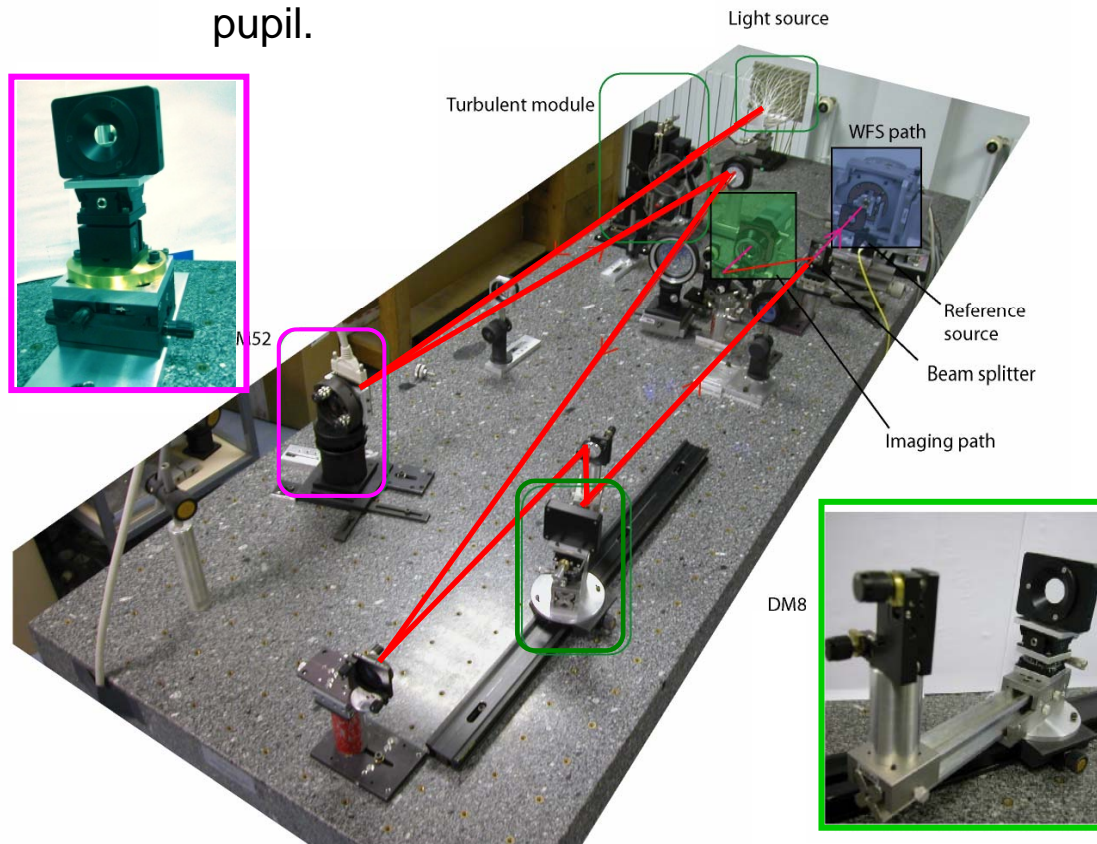
**Turbulent module :**  
3 phase screens in rotation generating a realistic turbulence

**Light source** with 7x7 reconfigurable positions of laser (635 nm)



# Experimental setup of HOMER bench

**1<sup>er</sup> DM** (ALPAO)  
conjugated with the  
pupil.  
52 actuators in the  
pupil.



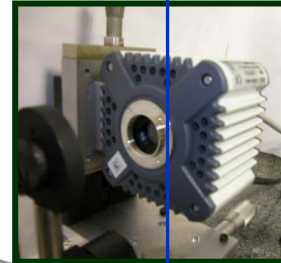
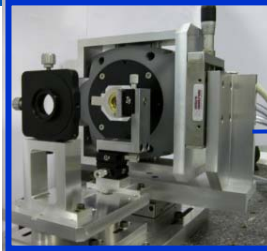
Adaptive Optics loop

## **Second DM**

(88 act, ALPAO) can be  
translated to be  
conjugated with different  
altitudes

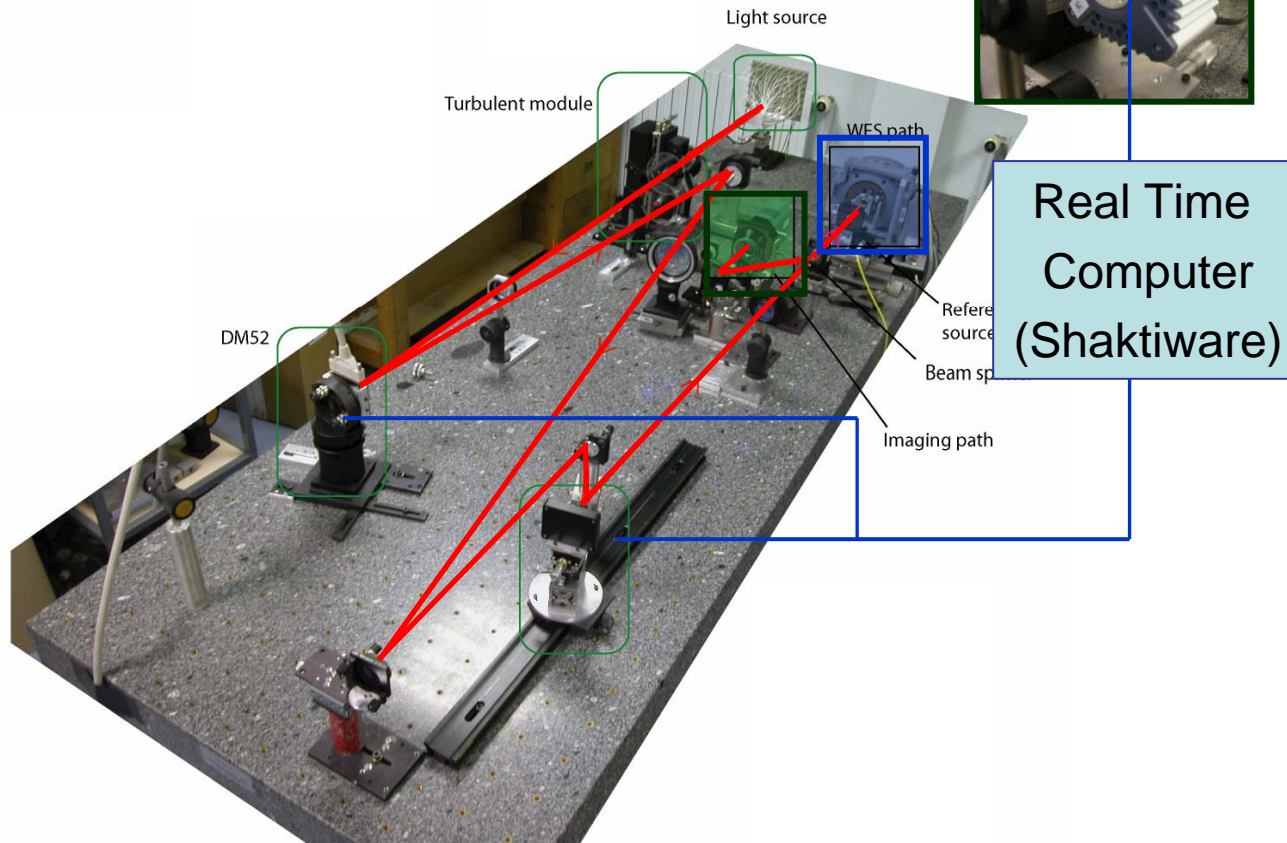
# Experimental setup of HOMER bench

**Multi-directional Shack-Hartmann based WFS** 7x7 sub-apertures (ANDOR EMCCD, 1002x1004 pixels)



**Visible Imaging camera**

1344x1024 pixels (HAMAMATSU)



# Bench optimisation

## 2 main limitations



Optical quality  
of the bench

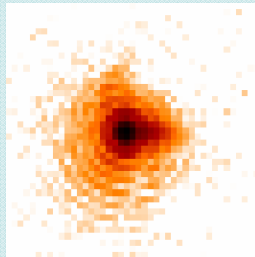
Model errors in the matrices  
used in tomographic control  
law  
=> sub-optimal correction

# Bench optimisation

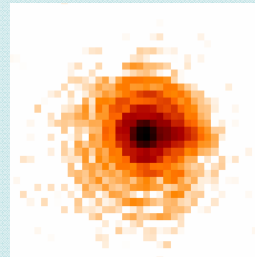
2 main limitations

➔ Need of accurate calibrations

Of non-common path aberrations



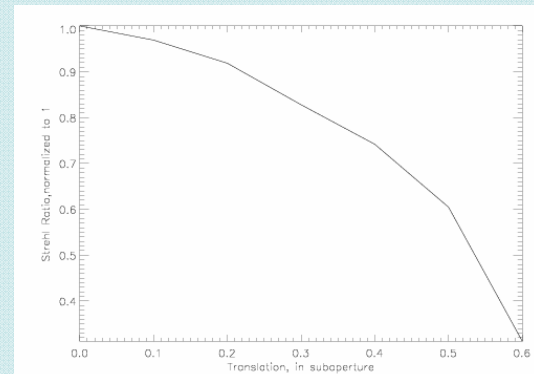
SR=92%



SR=98%

J.-F. Sauvage, et al, JOSA 24, 2007.

Of relative geometry of the bench components





# Bench optimisation

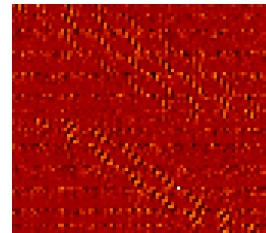
WFS/DM mismatch : 4 parameters to identify :

X-Y translations  
Rotation  
Magnification

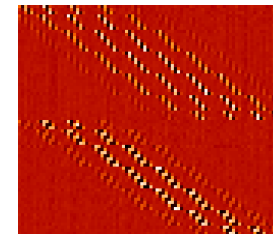
+ Directions of analysis &  
altitude

- ✓ Joint estimation thanks to the interaction matrix – Levenberg-Maquardt type algorithm
- ✓ Estimation of noise impact

$SNR = \max(Mint) / \sigma (Mint(\text{unused subpup}))$



SNR=4



SNR=40

# Bench optimisation

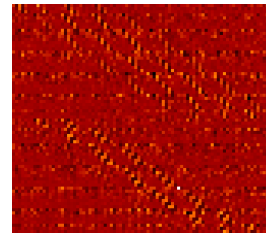
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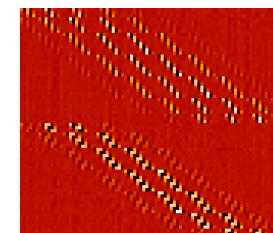
+ Directions of analysis & altitude

- ✓ Joint estimation thanks to the interaction matrix – Levenberg-Maquardt type algorithm
- ✓ Estimation of noise impact

$$\text{SNR} = \frac{\max(\text{Mint})}{\sigma(\text{Mint}(\text{unused subpup}))}$$



SNR=4



SNR=40

- ✓ **Numerical validation** of the identification algorithm : Precision better than :
  - 0.1% sub-pupil on rotation and translation
  - 0.05'' on direction of analysis
  - 60m on altitude

# Bench optimisation

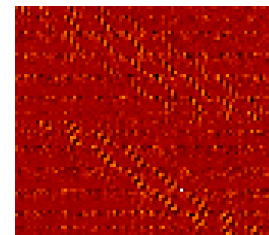
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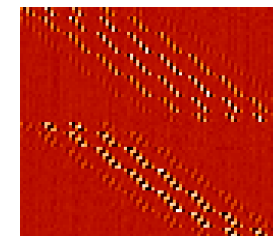
+ Directions of analysis & altitude

- ✓ Joint estimation thanks to the interaction matrix – Levenberg-Maquardt type algorithm
- ✓ Estimation of noise impact

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SNR=4

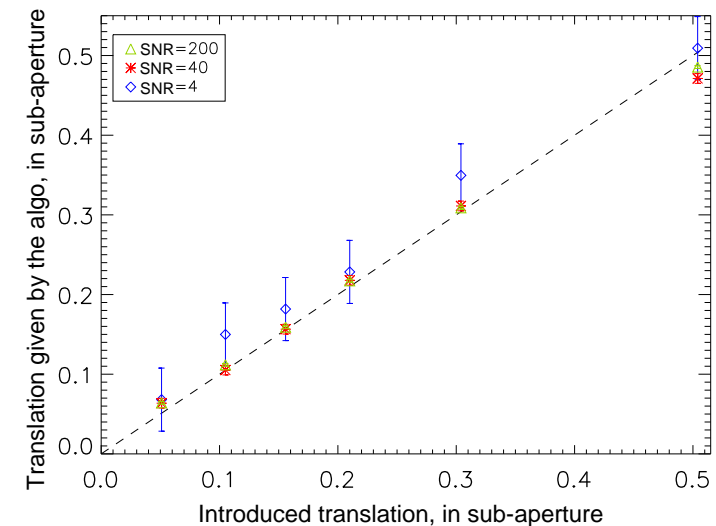


SNR=40

- ✓ **Experimental validation**

Precision better than :

$1/20^\circ$  sub-pupil on rotation and translation





## Conclusion :

- ✓ Integrated and working bench
- > and now optimised / optimisable

## Goal :

- Implementation and tests of control laws
  - with NGS
  - then with LGS

# Tomography with HOMER bench – Tomography AO control

- **GLAO** : integrator controller :  $u_k = u_{k-1} + R^{\text{glao}} y_k$

$R^{\text{glao}} = gM_{\text{com}}$  ;  $g$ =gain  $M_{\text{com}}$ =generalized inverse of interaction matrix

=> No tomographic abilities

# Tomography with HOMER bench – Tomography AO control

- **GLAO** : Ground Layer Adaptive Optics
- **POLC** : Pseudo-Open Loop Control : static minimum variance reconstructor, adapted to dynamic closed-loop by pseudo open-loop measurement computation

# Tomography with HOMER bench – Tomography AO control

- **GLAO** : Ground Layer Adaptive Optics
- **POLC** : Pseudo-Open Loop Control
- **LQG** : Linear Quadratic Gaussian  
optimal solution according to minimum residual phase variance  
of the dynamic closed-loop control problem

# Tomography with HOMER bench

Comparison of performance – GLAO, POLC, LQG - , wrt the field of view for several SNR

LTAO

- ✓ in simulation
- ✓ implemented on the bench

Case of study :

1 DM

4 natural guide stars

3 turbulent layers (phase screens)

$h = [0, 6, 10]$  km ;  $v_{\text{wind}} = [9, 5, 20]$  m.s<sup>-1</sup>

$\%C_n^2 = [0.52, 0.32, 0.16]$  ;  $d/r_0 = 1.2$

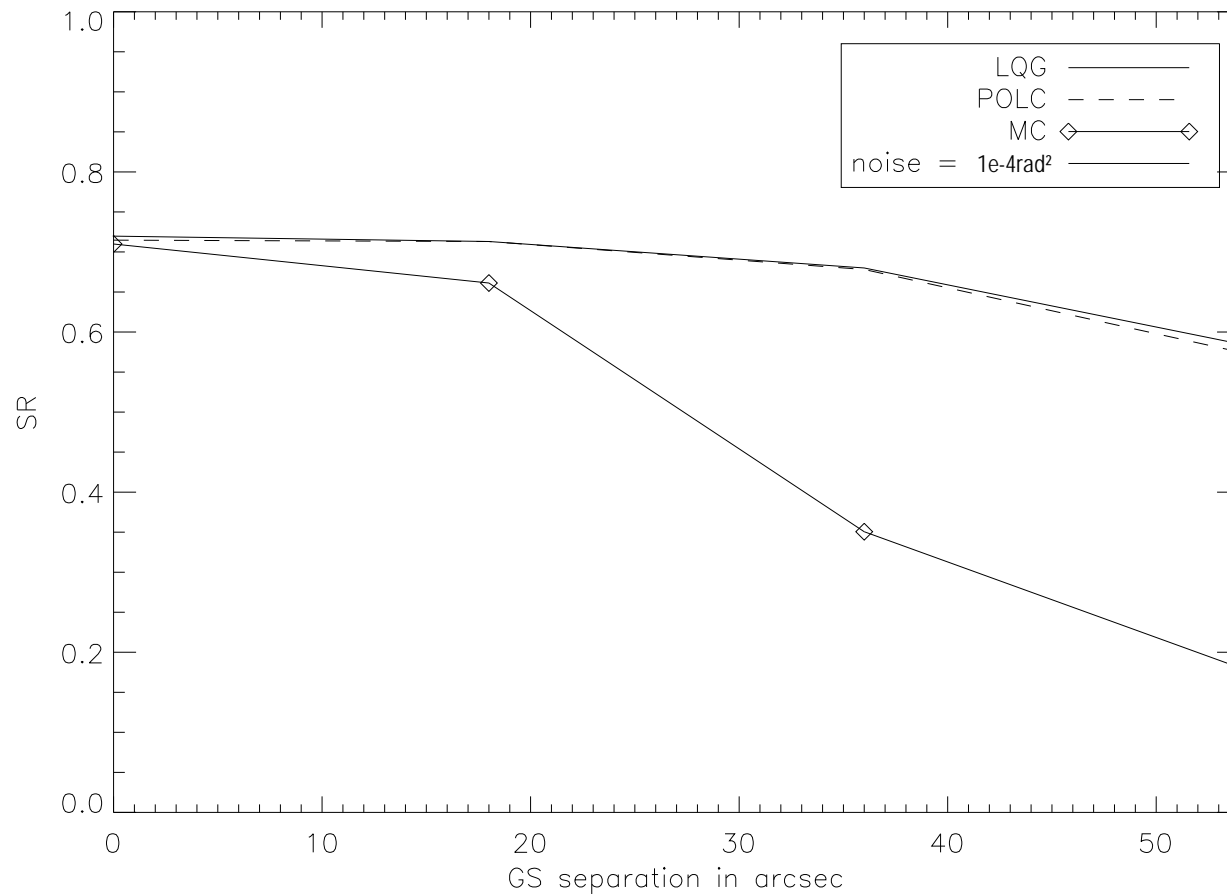
$F_{\text{bench}} = 12\text{Hz}$

=>

$F_{\text{samp}}$  (equivalent) = 500Hz

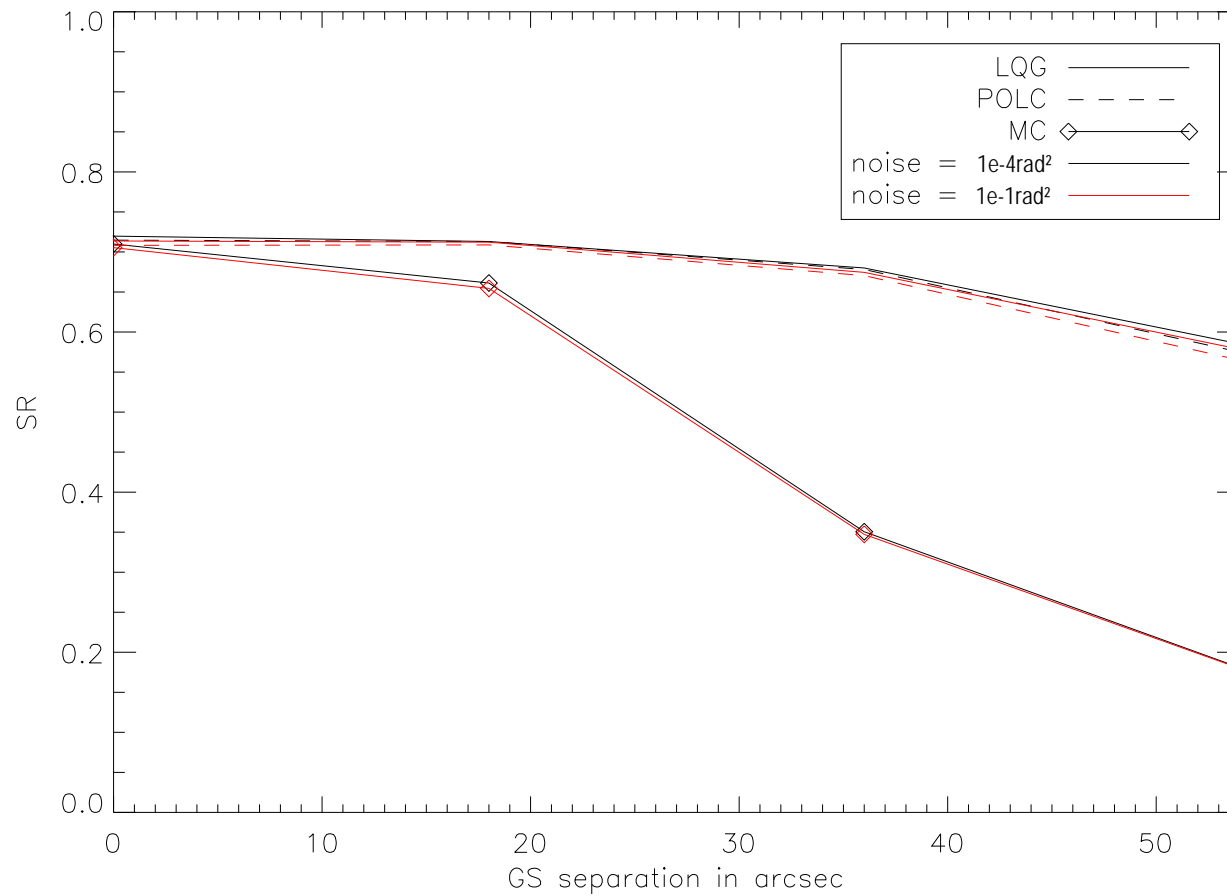


# Tomography with HOMER bench - Simulation

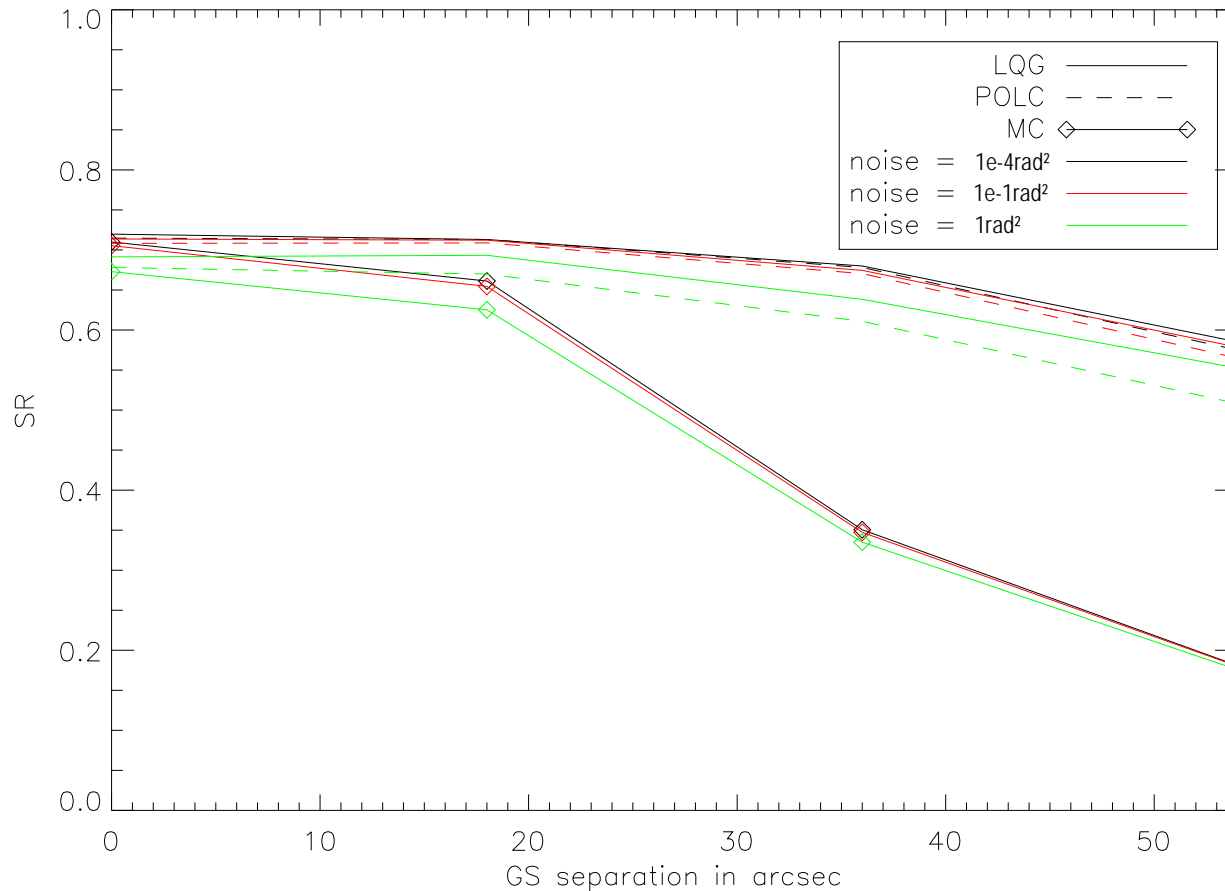


On-axis Strehl

# Tomography with HOMER bench - Simulation



# Tomography with HOMER bench - Simulation



**LQG best perf.**

**POLC gives**

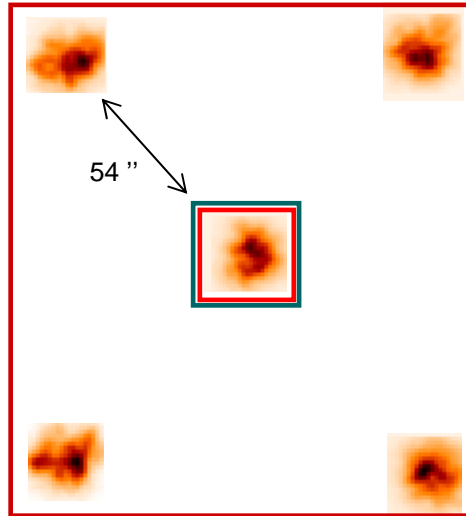
**equivalent perf for medium or high SNR**

**lower performance for low SNR**

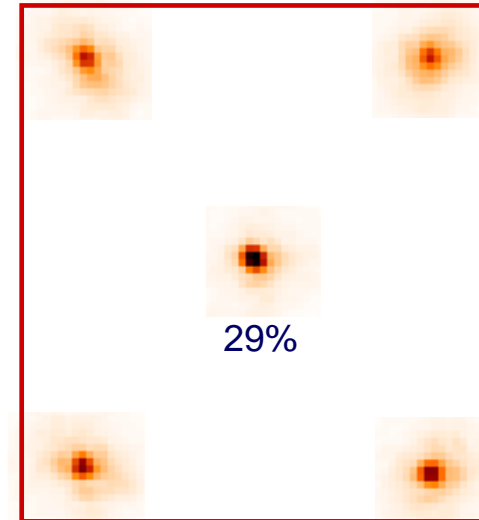
# Tomography with HOMER bench – Experimental results

□ Guide stars

□ Scientific targets

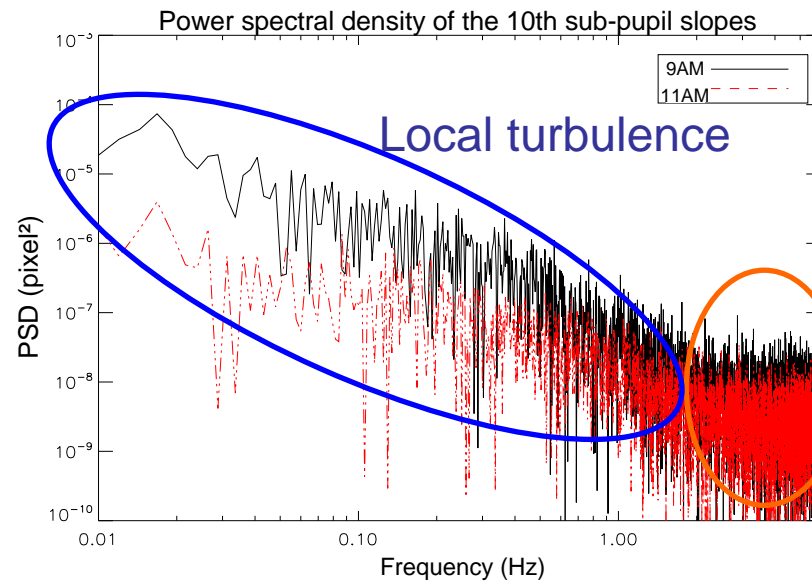


SCAO



Performance limitation

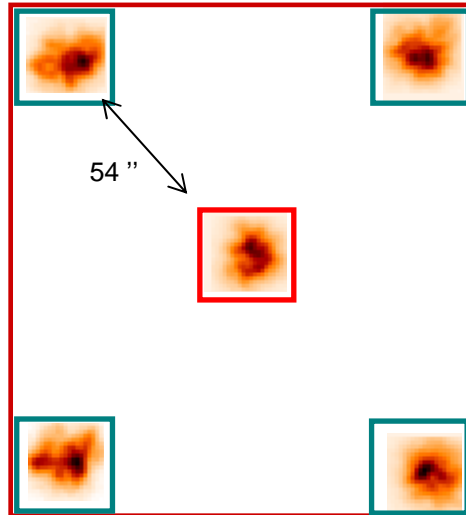
- Strong local turbulence



# Tomography with HOMER bench – Experimental results

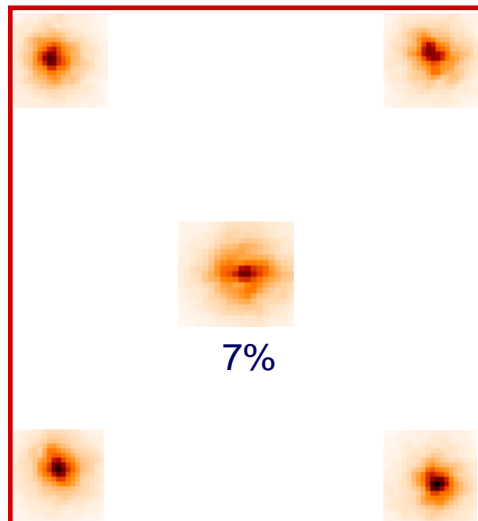
 Guide stars

 Scientific targets

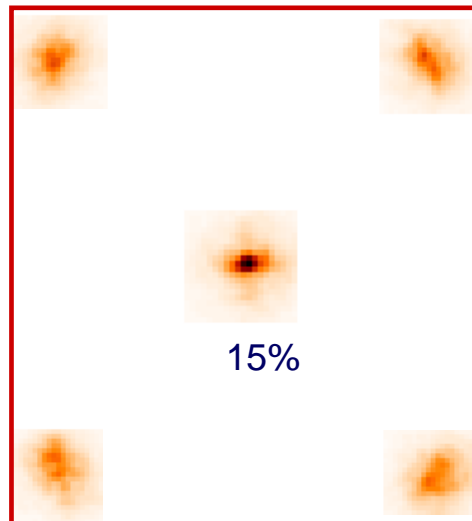


SCAO : SR=29%

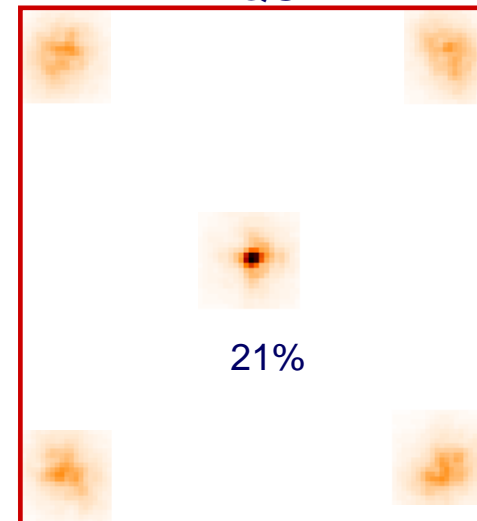
GLAO



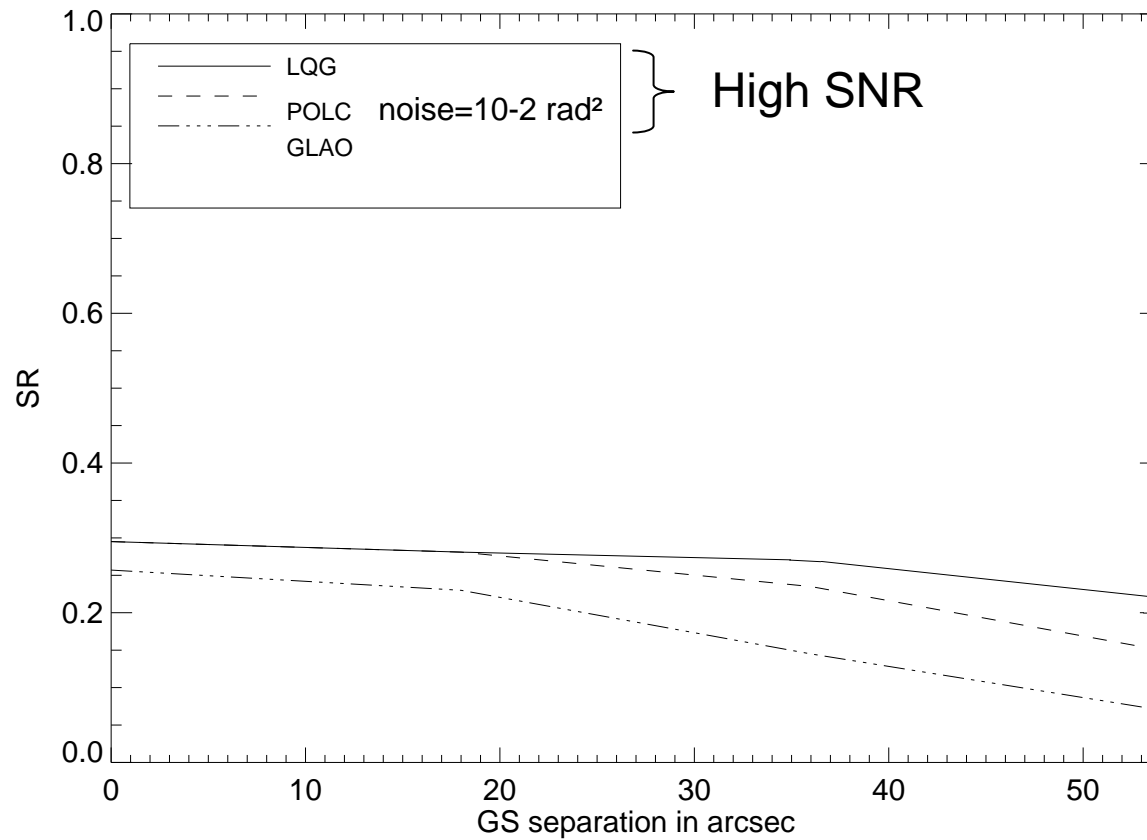
POLC



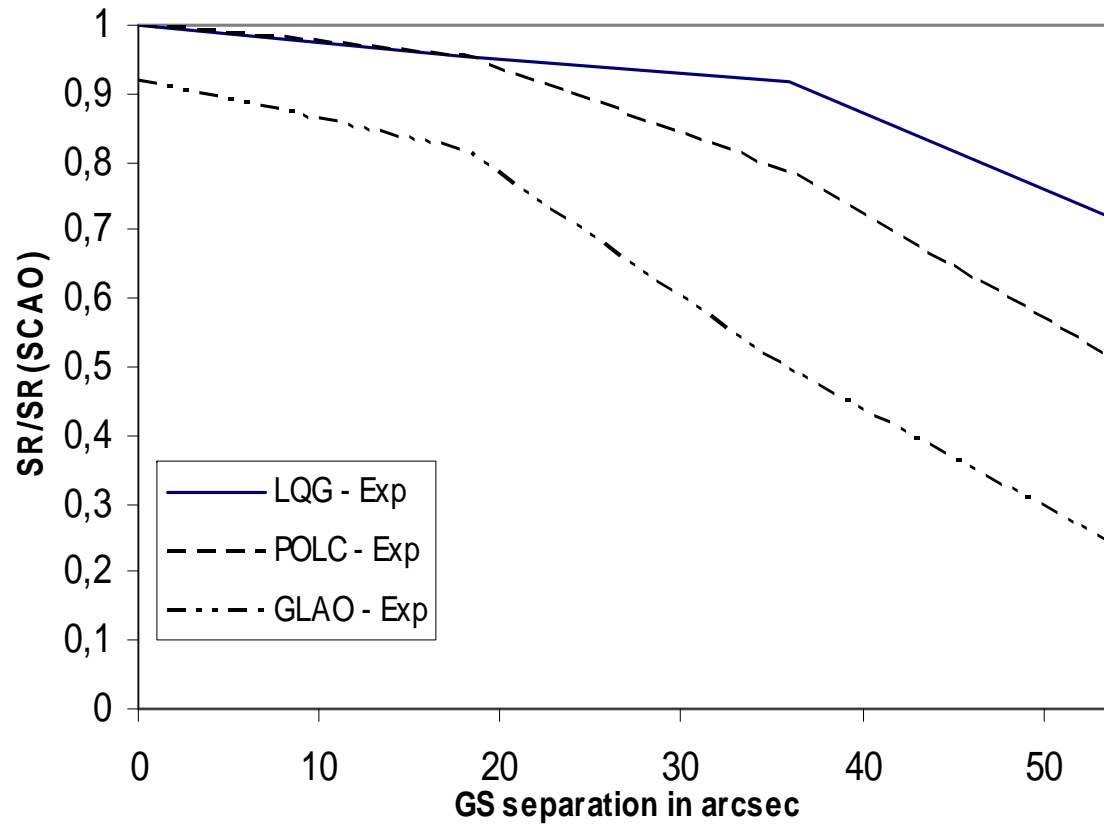
LQG



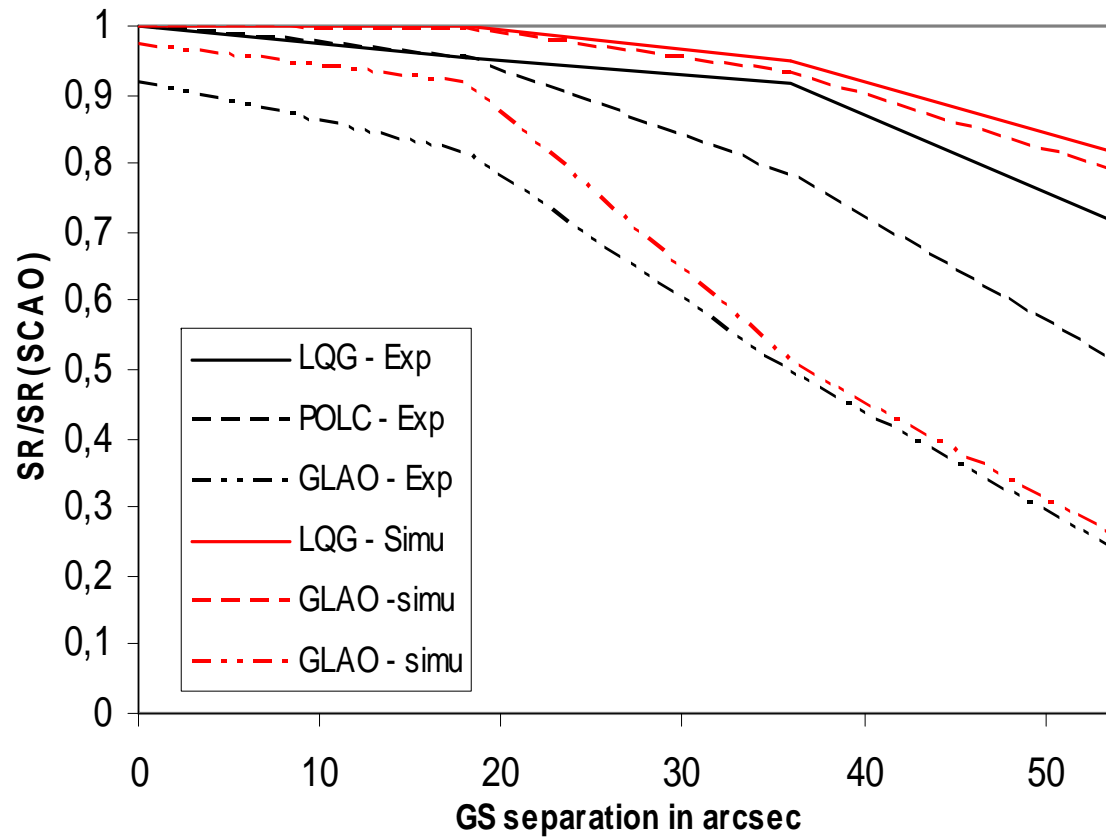
# Tomography with HOMER bench – Experimental results



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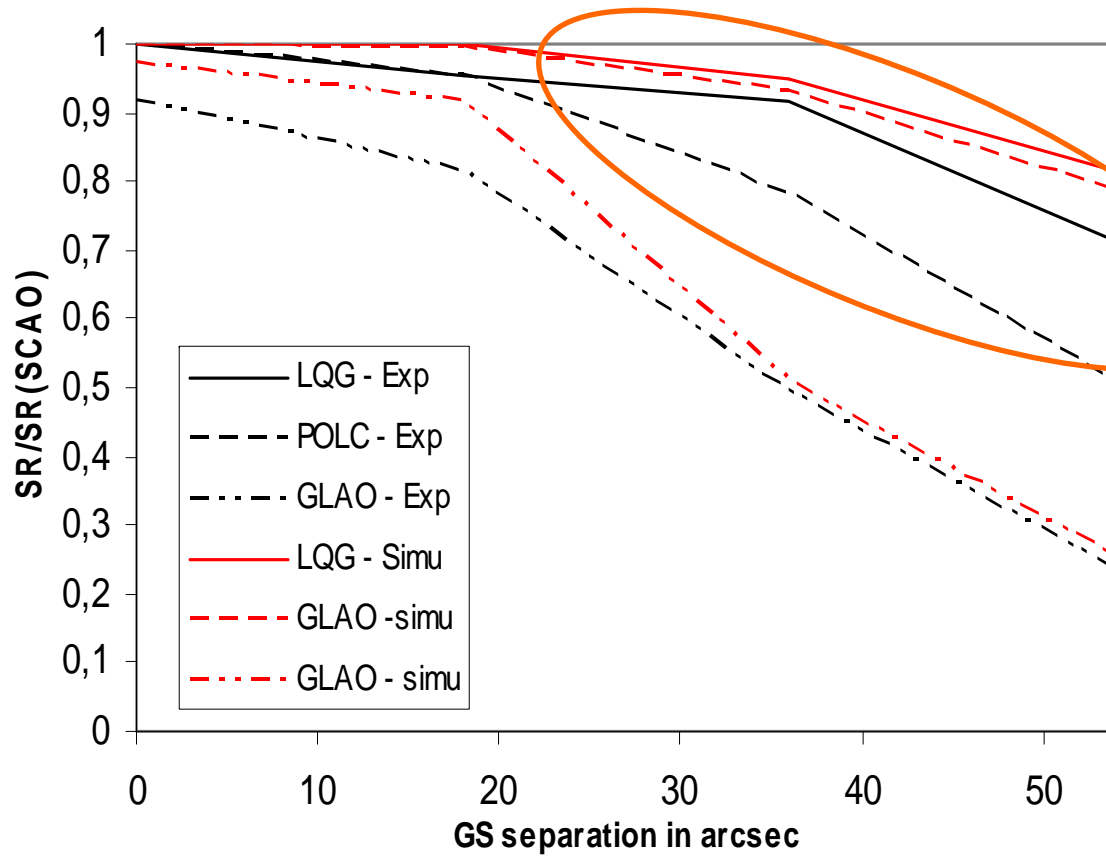
# Tomography with HOMER bench – Experimental results



Same trend



# Tomography with HOMER bench – Experimental results

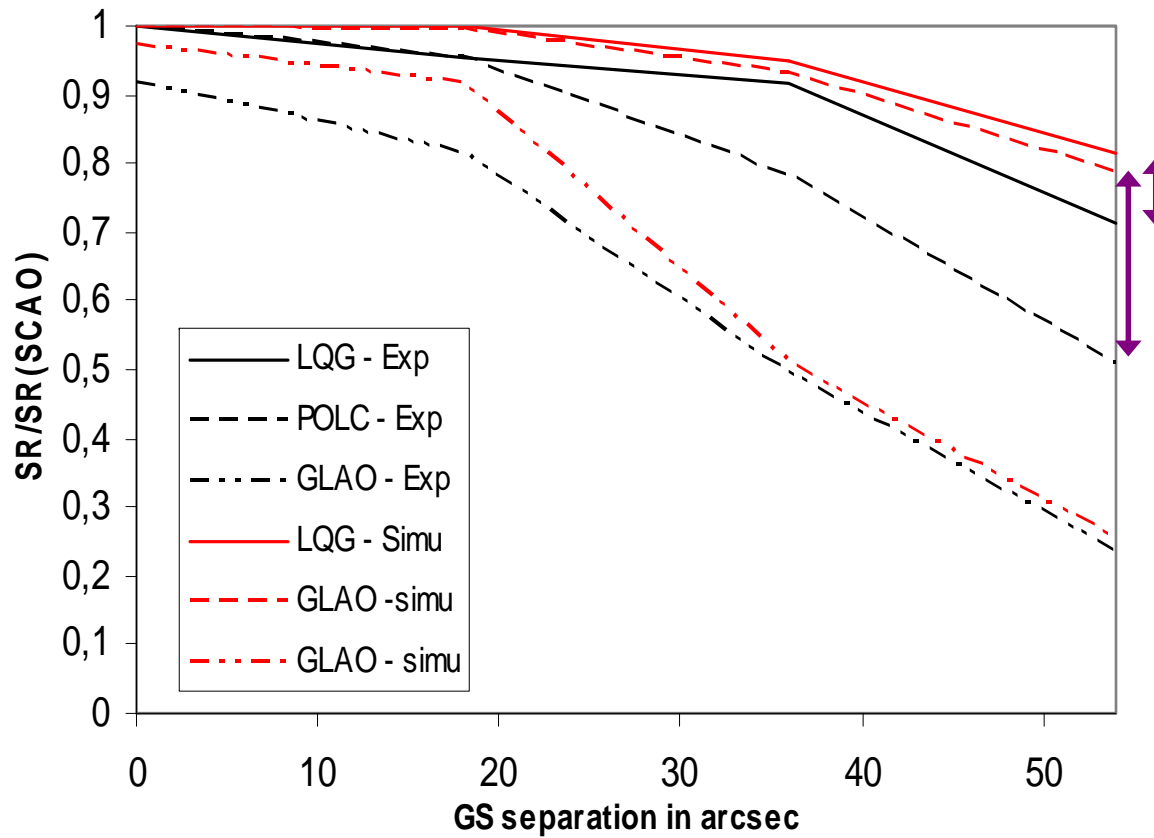


Local turbulence distributed at different altitudes  
=> effect on tomography

+ Model errors

**Same trend**

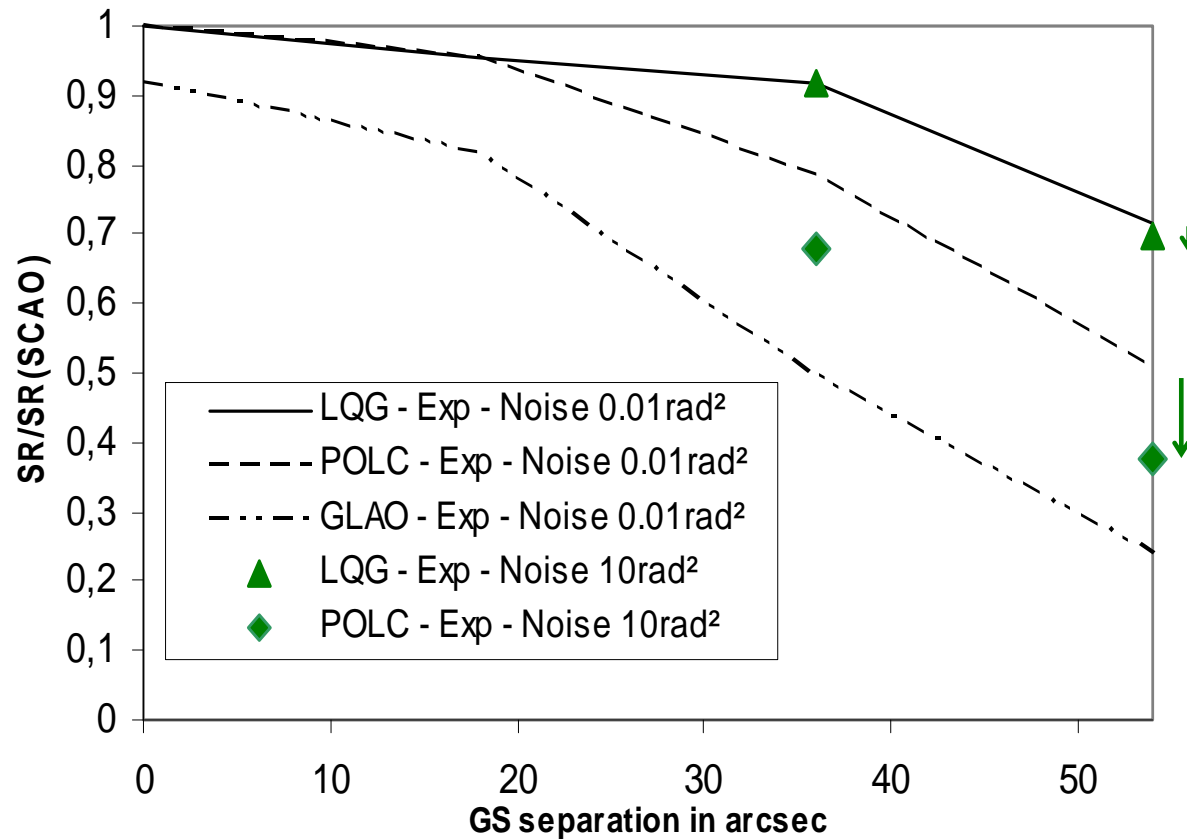
# Tomography with HOMER bench – Experimental results



POLC less robust to model errors than LQG ?

Same trend

# Tomography with HOMER bench – Experimental results



POLC more sensitive to SNR

# Conclusion/Perspectives

- HOMER : a working tomographic AO bench
  - ✓ 1st experimental demonstration of tomographic AO in closed loop with LQG control law
  - ✓ POLC implemented and tested in LTAO
- Optimization and complete calibration of the bench
  - ✓ Numerical and experimental validation of the algorithm of system parameters identification
  - ✓ Experimental validation of the relative geometry WFS/GS in progress
  - ✓ Correction of non common path aberration : done on axis, in progress in the field
- Implementation and comparison of different control laws and Wide Field AO concepts (in particular, in low SNR)
  - ✓ Integrator, LQG, POLC are implemented and validated
  - ✓ Other control laws (VDM, DLQG) : to do (see Cyril Petit's talk)
- Analysis+control on natural/laser guide stars

To prepare futur VLT/ELT systems ...